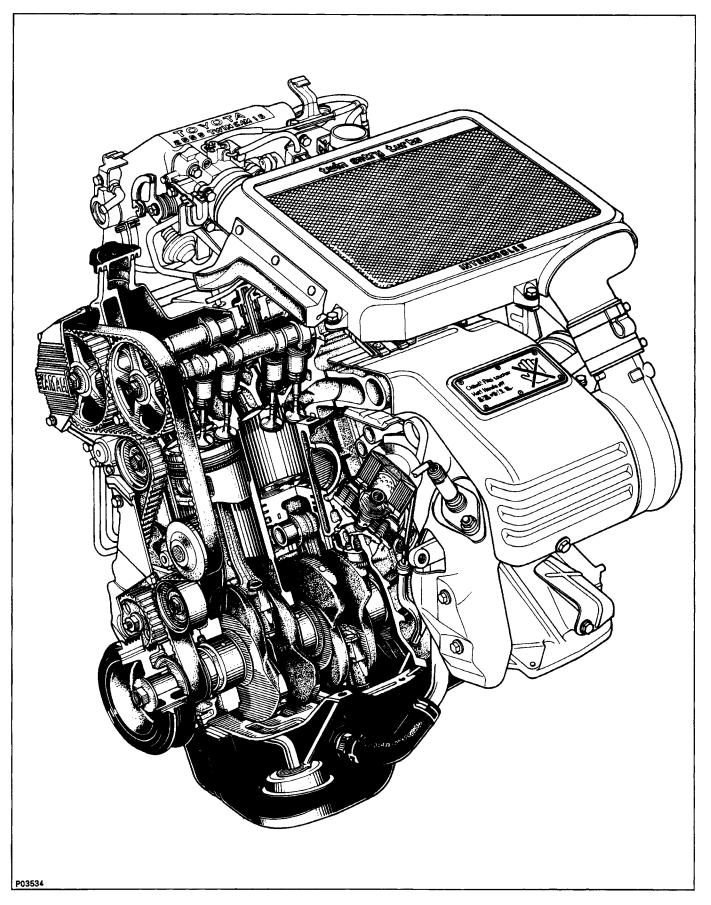
DESCRIPTION (3S-GTE)

The 3S-GTE engine is an in-line, 4-cylinder, 2.0 liter DOHC 16-valve engine.



The 3S–GTE engine is an in–line, 4–cylinder engine with the cylinders numbered 1 - 2 - 3 - 4 from the front. The crankshaft is supported by 5 bearings inside the crankcase. These bearings are made of aluminum alloy.

The crankshaft is integrated with 8 weights for balance. Oil holes are placed in the center of the crankshaft to supply oil to the connecting rods, bearing, pistons and other components.

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The ignition order is 1 - 3 - 4 -

2. The cylinder head is made of aluminum alloy, with a cross flow typ¿¿ntake and exhaust layout and with pent-roof type combustion chambers. The spark plugs are located in

the center of the combustion chambers.

The intake manifold has 8 independent long ports and utilizes the inertial supercharging effect to improve engine torque at low and medium speeds.

Both the intake camshaft and the exhaust camshaft are driven by a single timing belt. The cam journa¿¿s supported at 5 places between the valve lifters of each cylinder and on the front end of the cylinder head.

Lubrication of the cam journals and cams is accomplished by oil being supplied through the oiler port in the center of the camshaft.

Adjustment of the valve clearance is done by means of an outer shim type system, in which valve adjusting shims are located above the valve lifters. This permits replacement of the shims without removal of the camshafts.

Pistons are made of high temperature–resistant aluminum alloy, and a depression is built into the piston head to prevent interference with the valves.

Piston pins are the full–floating type, with the pins fastened to neither the piston boss nor the connecting rods. Instead, snap rings are fitted on both ends of the pins, preventing the pins from falling out.

The No.1 compression ring is made of steel and the No.2 compression ring is made of cast iron. The oil ¿ing is made of a combination of steel and stainless steel. The outer diameter of each piston ring is slightly arger than the diameter of the piston and the flexibility of the rings allows them to hug the cylinder walls rvhen they are mounted on the piston. Compression rings No.1 and No.2 work to prevent gas leakage from :he cylinder and the oil ring works to scrape oil off the cylinder walls to prevent it from entering the –ombustion chambers.

The cylinder block is made of cast iron. It has 4 cylinders which are approximately twice the length of he piston stroke. The top of each cylinder is closed off by the cylinder head and the lower end of the ,ylinders becomes the crankcase, in which the crankshaft is installed. In addition, the cylinder block :ontains a water jacket, through which engine coolant is pumped to cool the cylinders.

The oil pan is bolted onto the bottom of the cylinder block. The oil pan is an oil reservoir made of pressed ;teel sheet. A dividing plate is included inside the oil pan to keep sufficient oil in the bottom of the pan sven when the vehicle is tilted. This dividing plate also prevents the oil from making waves when the eehicle is stopped suddenly and the oil shifts away from the oil pump suction pipe.